FIRST PUBLIC MEETING

FOR THE

Clinch River, Plum Creek, Middle Creek and Coal Creek

TMDL Development

Shelley D. Williams DEQ- Southwest Regional Office



<u>Overview</u>

- Department of Environmental Quality
 - 1. Conducts Water Sampling
 - 2. Assess the data by comparing it to standards
 - 3. Problem (Impaired) waters are listed In an EPA report called the 303(d) Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) List

TMDL required by State and Federal Law

Total Maximum Daily Loads are Mandated by Law

- Federal 1972 Clean Water Act requires
 - Water Quality Monitoring
 - Periodic Assessment and Impaired Waters Listing
 - Develop TMDLs for Impaired Waters
- Virginia's 1997 Water Quality Monitoring Information and Restoration Act (WQMIRA) requires
 - TMDLs for Impaired Waters
 - An Implementation Plan

Designated Uses

Recreation (swimming and boating)

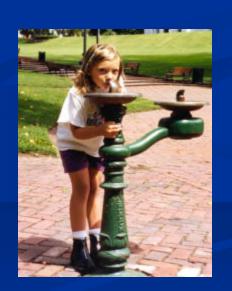
Aquatic Life
balanced, indigenous including game fish



Wildlife

Edible natural resourcesFish

Shellfish (on the coast)



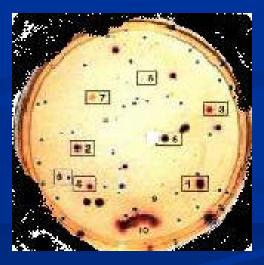




What are Water Quality Standards?

- Numeric or Narrative Limits designed to protect designated uses
 - Recreational use: measured by the number of colony forming units of bacteria in the water
 - Aquatic life use: measured by the numbers and varieties of aquatic organisms that live in our streams

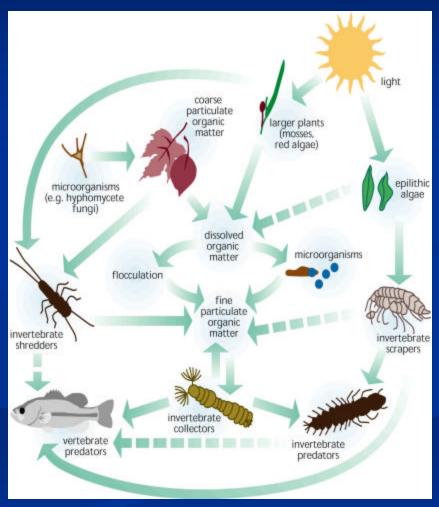




Aquatic Life Use: How do we determine aquatic health?

Benthic Macro
Invertebrates are
Good indicators of Water
Quality

- High diversity
- Respond to environmental conditions predictably and quickly
- Wide spread distributions and relatively easy to identify



Pollution Intolerant Invertebrates



Mayfly



Stonefly



Caddisfly



Water Penny

Moderately Pollution Tolerant Invertebrates



Crayfish



Net spinning Caddisfly



Dragonfly



Aquatic Sowbug

Highly Pollution Tolerant Invertebrates



Midge Larvae



Segmented Worm



Leach



Flatworm

Clinch River and Tributaries Why Are We Here?

Two Separate Problems

#1 Bacteria

Bacteria levels
are excessive

#2 Aquatic Life

The condition of the stream is harmful/deadly to aquatic life

Why are We Here?

Not Supporting Recreational Use or Aquatic Life Use

- Bacteria Standard (9 VAC 25-260-170) " E. Coli no more than 235 bacteria per 100 ml
- **General Standard** (Benthic) (1998) (9 VAC 25-260-20): "All state waters shall be free from substances...which are harmful to human, animal, plant, or <u>aquatic life</u>."

Impairments

<u>Water</u>

Impairment

Clinch River

Plum Creek

Middle Creek

Coal Creek

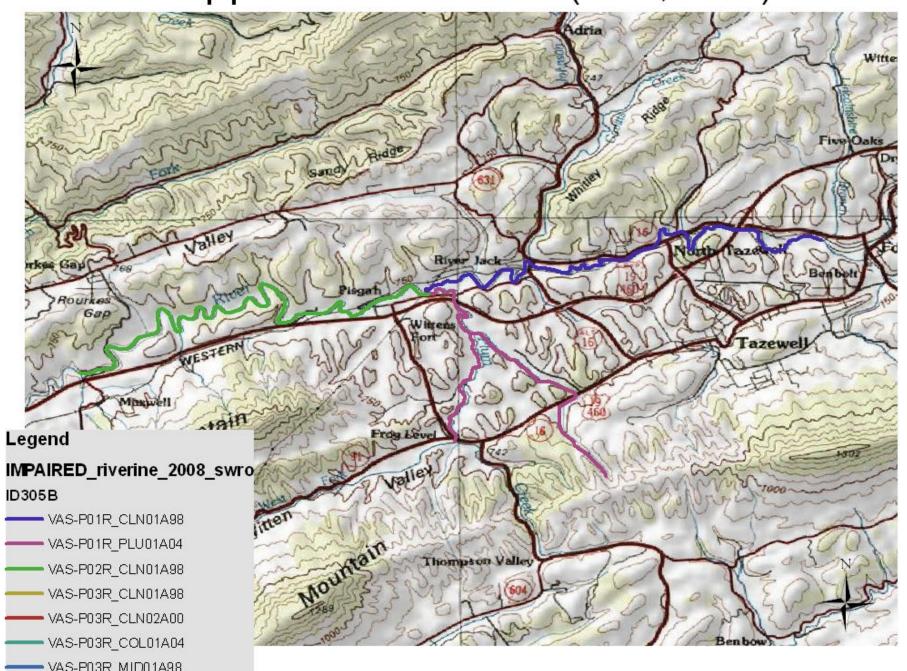
Bacteria

Bacteria

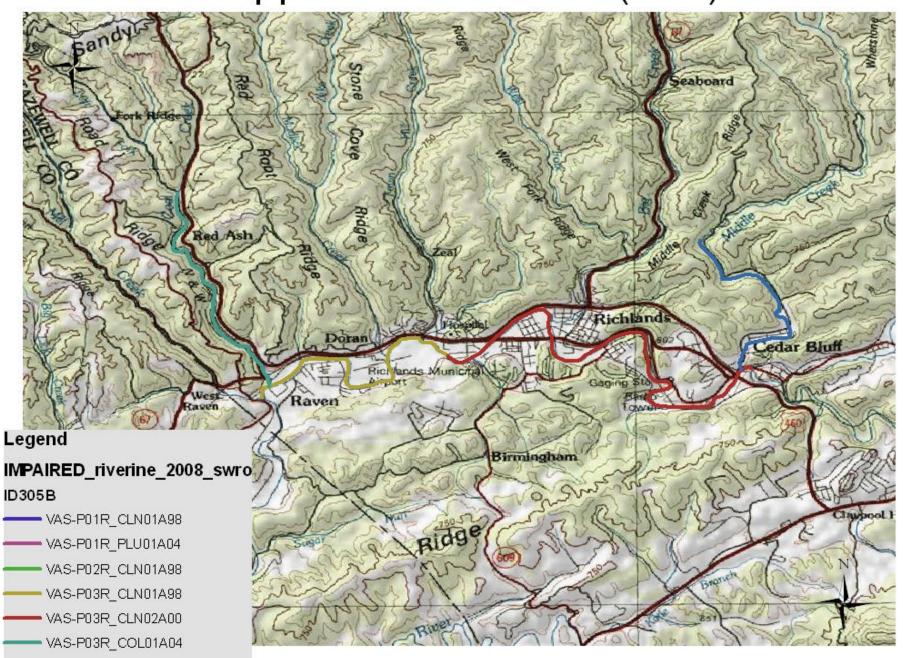
Bacteria

Bacteria and Benthic

Upper Clinch TMDL (P01, P02)



Upper Clinch TMDL (P03)



VAS-P03R MID01A98

What is a **TMDL** or **Total Maximum Daily Load?**

- Amount of a pollutant that a waterbody can receive and still meet water quality standards
- It is pollutant specific
 - Aquatic Life Stressors
 - Bacteria
- It is a process to restore impaired waters
- A special study that:
 - Identifies all significant pollution sources,
 - Calculates amount of pollution from each source, and
 - Calculates pollution reductions, by source, needed to attain water quality standards.

What Next?

Implementation Plan

We Are Here

TMDI

Study



• Identifies permit controls, best management practices, or remediation options needed to make necessary pollutant reductions

Implementation

Total Maximum Daily Load





- Tracks pollutants in the system
- Sets maximum pollutant load
- Estimates necessary pollutant reductions





Water quality standards met



Polluted

The Process

What are the Steps in the TMDL Process?

- 1. Public notice for TMDL development
- 2. TMDL Study with Public Meeting Monitoring and Modeling the Watershed
- 3. Public notice for Draft TMDL
 - Public Meeting with 30-day comment period
- 4. Submit to EPA for approval
- 5. State Water Control Board adoption of TMDL
- 6. TMDL Implementation Plan
- 7. Implementation of Corrective Actions Prescribed by Implementation Plan
- 8. Further Monitoring to Measure Success

Information

- TMDL
 - Virginia
 - DEQ homepage http://www.deq.virginia.gov/tmdl
 - **Federal**
 - EPA homepage http://www.epa.gov/owow/tmdl/



Thank You!

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**Shelley D. Williams** 

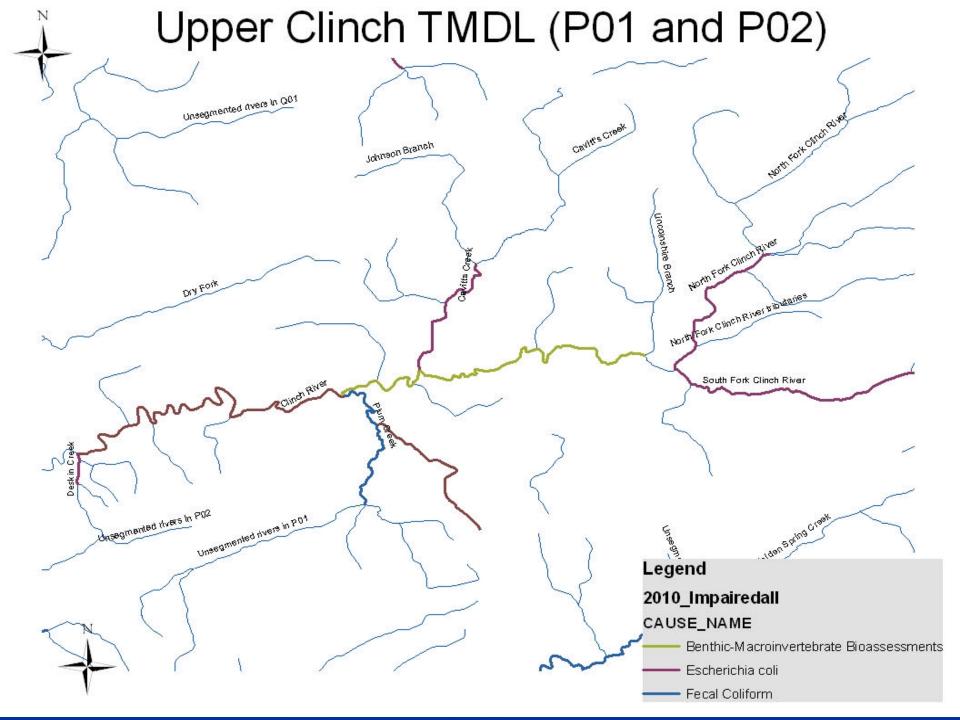
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Upper Clinch TMDL (P03) Legend 2010\_Impairedall CAUSE\_NAME Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments Escherichia coli Fecal Coliform indian Creek Glinch River